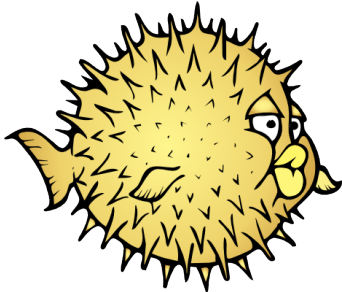


Your scheduler is not the problem



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EuroBSDcon, Paris

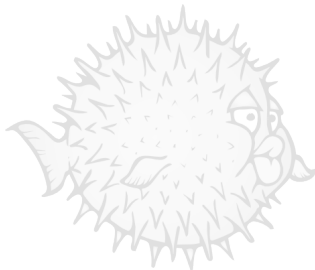
September 2017

Your OS doesn't work

A consulting generally begins with:

- It's OpenBSD fault
- It doesn't scale
- The scheduler sucks
- I'll switch to Linux

Fine, let's take an example.



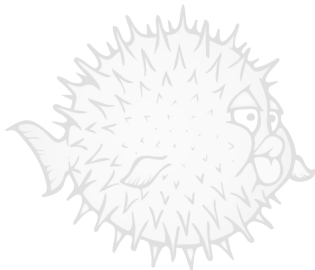
Agenda

Major Firefox regression

First little hacks

Real solution

Conclusion



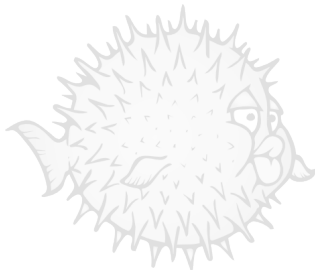
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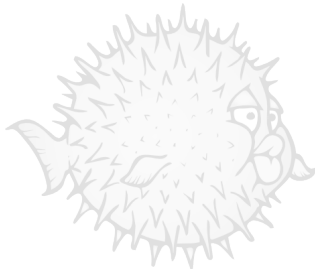
Conclusion



Firefox 40



- Released in August 2015
- Multiple complaints of regression
- Nothing obvious in the Changelog
- Switched to ESR then Chrome
- Problem fixed?



Complaints

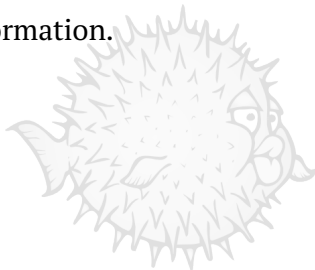
On 06/01/16(Wed) 11:19, Landry Breuil wrote:

> [...]

> i've had multiple ppl coming to me privately about this - Yes,

> performance with firefox has been steadily degrading [...]

When you complain, don't forget relevant information.

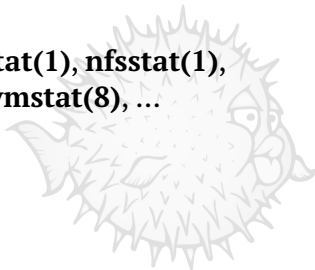


Black box analysis



Different metrics between old and new?

**fstat(1), ifconfig(8), iostat(8), lsub(8), netstat(1), nfsstat(1),
pfctl(8), ps(1), pstat(8), route(8), systat(1), vmstat(8), ...**

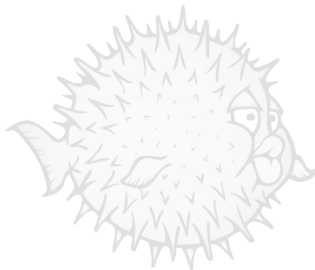


Different metrics

- **vmstat(8)** reported 30K+ IPIs

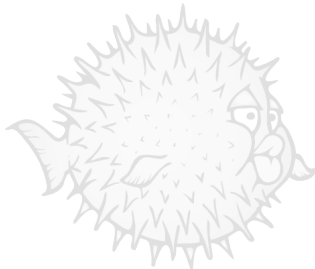
```
$ vmstat -i
interrupt                total    rate
irq0/ipi                 182906012  31511
...
```

- **top(1)** showed that CPUs play ping-pong



ktrace or it didn't happen

```
13288/1032189 firefox-bin RET sched_yield 0
13288/1032189 firefox-bin CALL sched_yield()
13288/1010095 firefox-bin CALL sched_yield()
13288/1010095 firefox-bin RET sched_yield 0
13288/1010095 firefox-bin CALL sched_yield()
13288/1027370 firefox-bin CALL sched_yield()
13288/1032189 firefox-bin RET sched_yield 0
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13288/1027370 firefox-bin RET sched_yield 0
13288/1010095 firefox-bin RET sched_yield 0
```

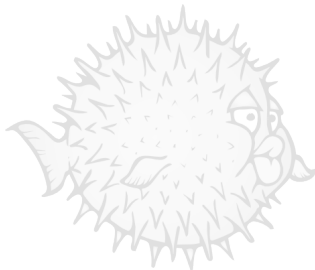


Problem isolation

Difference between ESR and Nightly:

```
$ grep sched_yield kdump-esr.txt |wc -l  
4
```

```
$ grep sched_yield kdump-nightly.txt |wc -l  
89418
```

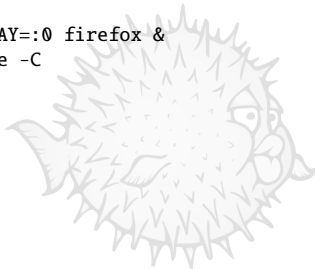


Limite the scope of research

Which code is being executed?

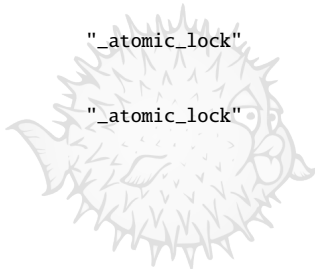
- Search **sched_yield(2)** on bxr.su and dxr.mozilla.org
 - used by Firefox directly
 - used by libpthread
- Let's use **ltrace(1)**

```
$ LD_TRACE_PLT="" LD_TRACE_PLTSPEC="libpthread" DISPLAY=:0 firefox &  
$ ltrace -p $pid -t cu -u libpthread ; sleep 2; ktrace -C
```



_spinlock()

```
$ less kdump-nightly.txt
13288/1027370 firefox-bin USER .plt symbol: 11 bytes      "_spinunlock"
13288/1010095 firefox-bin USER .plt symbol: 9 bytes      "_spinlock"
13288/1010095 firefox-bin USER .plt symbol: 12 bytes     "_atomic_lock"
13288/1010095 firefox-bin CALL sched_yield()
13288/1010095 firefox-bin RET  sched_yield 0
13288/1027370 firefox-bin USER .plt symbol: 9 bytes      "_spinlock"
13288/1010095 firefox-bin USER .plt symbol: 12 bytes     "_atomic_lock"
13288/1027370 firefox-bin USER .plt symbol: 12 bytes     "_atomic_lock"
13288/1010095 firefox-bin CALL sched_yield()
13288/1027370 firefox-bin CALL sched_yield()
13288/1032189 firefox-bin RET  sched_yield 0
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```



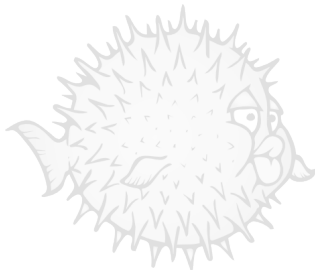
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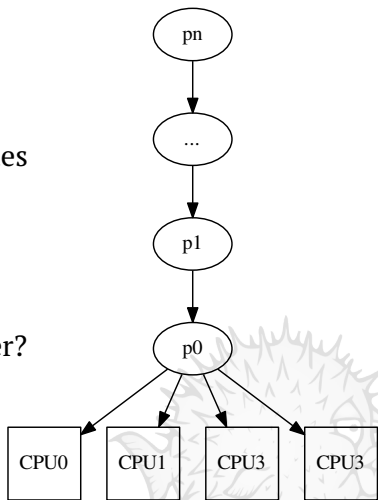
Conclusion



Don't guess

I started by ripping out per-CPU queues

- It worked
 - I could watch HD videos again
 - but why?
- Is this problem inside the scheduler?



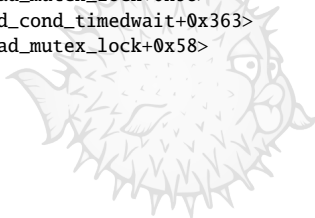
Deeper inspection

■ **gdb(1)**

- needs debug symbols for ports
- needs better support for threaded programs

■ **printf** debugging

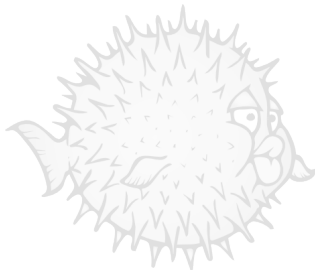
```
0x13da04988d00 called yield() 900 times from <_rthread_mutex_lock+0x58>
0x13da8a19de00 called yield() 1000 times from <pthread_cond_timedwait+0x363>
0x13da04988d00 called yield() 1000 times from <_rthread_mutex_lock+0x58>
0x13da8a19de00 called yield() 1100 times from <pthread_cond_timedwait+0x363>
0x13da04988d00 called yield() 1100 times from <_rthread_mutex_lock+0x58>
0x13da8a19de00 called yield() 1200 times from <pthread_cond_timedwait+0x363>
0x13da04988d00 called yield() 1200 times from <_rthread_mutex_lock+0x58>
```



Read some code

Scheduling priorities are:

- Inherited from 4.4BSD
- Recalculated when sleeping
- Decreased when running
- `sched_yield(2)` doesn't guarantee progress
 - Keep running until your priority drops

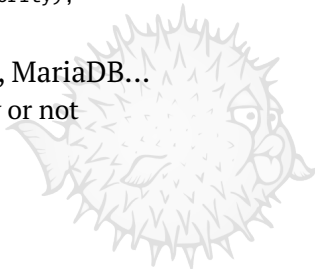


Thread yield hack

Overwrite priority of yielding thread:

```
/*  
 * If one of the threads of a multi-threaded process called  
 * sched_yield(2), drop its priority to ensure its siblings  
 * can make some progress.  
 */  
p->p_priority = p->p_usrpri;  
TAILQ_FOREACH(q, &p->p_p->ps_threads, p_thr_link)  
    p->p_priority = max(p->p_priority, q->p_priority);
```

- Improve 3rd party: ffmpeg, Java, chromium, MariaDB...
 - no matter if they use **sched_yield(2)** directly or not



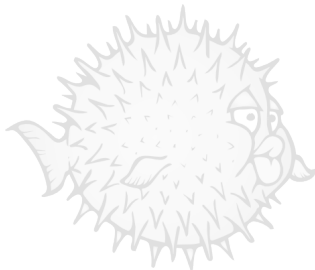
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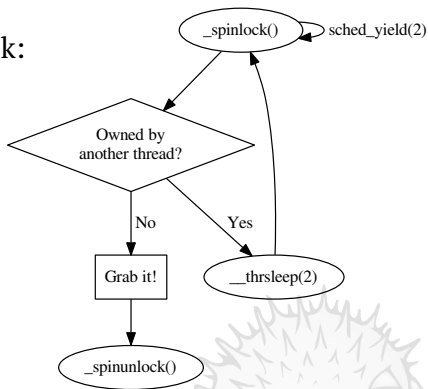
6.1 pthread_mutex_lock(3)

- Internal state protected by a lock:

- based on a Spinlock, and
- **__thsleep(2)**:
 - atomically *release* a lock
 - go to sleep

- In the contented case:

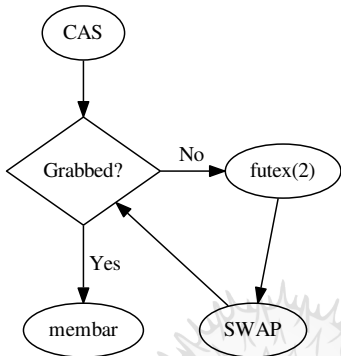
- spin before & after sleeping
- N atomic operations
- N syscalls



Snowball effect with **sched_yield(2)** & Scheduler.

6.2 pthread_mutex_lock(3)

- Internal state is the lock:
 - based on a **C**ompare **A**nd **S**wap,
 - an atomic **S**wap,
 - a memory barrier, and
 - futex(2)**:
 - sleep until unlock
- In the contented case:
 - no spinning
 - 1+1 atomic operations
 - 1+1 syscall

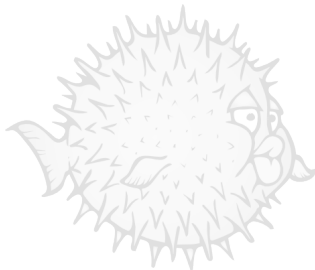


Improve latency of threaded programs: git, chrome, GNOME...

Why futex(2)?

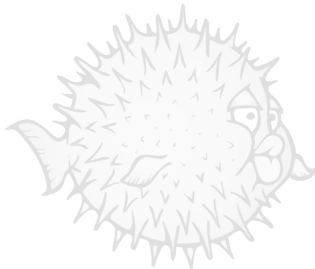
Make it easier for others to contribute. **NIH**, so we can rely on:

- Existing literature, blogs, papers
 - well described in **Futexes Are Tricky** from U. Drepper
- Multiple kernel implementations
- Multiple libc implementations
 - glibc, musl, bionic
- Existing regression tests



Software is never finished

- Test & convert more architectures
 - enabled on x86 and mips64 for the moment.
 - take care of hardware not providing CAS
- Get rid of the remaining spinning bits
 - **pthread_mutex_***() and **pthread_convar_***() for the moment
 - **sched_yield(2)**-free libpthread
- Continue improving the scheduler
 - current bottleneck is in the kernel



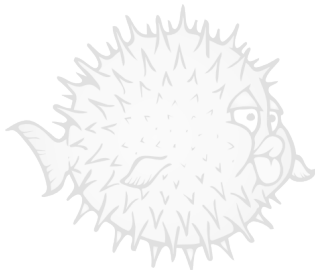
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Conclusion

- OSes will always have problems, complaining will not help
- Gathering basic information is trivial and helps
 - **top(1)** & **systat(1)**
 - **ktrace(1)** or it didn't happen
- Be sure you understand the bottleneck, guesses are dangerous
 - A change might hide the real problem
 - The Scheduler wasn't the problem here
- Finding where the bottleneck is, that's hard
 - Fixing it, that's generally easier & fun
- Yes, a dynamic tracer would help and I'm working on that



Questions?

Slides on <https://www.openbsd.org/papers/>

More stories on <http://www.grenadille.net>

You have a similar problem? Come talk to me!

